



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, D.C. 20231
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/120,806	07/23/1998	MASAYUKI KIKUSHIMA	101151	2611

7590 02/04/2002
OLIFF AND BERRIDGE
P O BOX 19928
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320

[REDACTED] EXAMINER

BUDD, MARK OSBORNE

[REDACTED] ART UNIT [REDACTED] PAPER NUMBER

2834

DATE MAILED: 02/04/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.	120806	Applicant(s)	kikushima et al
Examiner	M. Buds	Group Art Unit	2834

---The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet beneath the correspondence address---

Period for Response

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a response be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for response specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a response within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for response is specified above, such period shall, by default, expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication .
- Failure to respond within the set or extended period for response will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).

Status

Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11-20-01

This action is FINAL.

Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, **prosecution as to the merits is closed** in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 1 1; 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

Claim(s) 1-6, 8, 10-13 and 15-22 is/are pending in the application.

Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

Claim(s) 1-6, 8, 10-13 and 15-22 is/are rejected.

Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction or election requirement.

Application Papers

See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948.

The proposed drawing correction, filed on _____ is approved disapproved.

The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are objected to by the Examiner.

The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d)

Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).

All Some* None of the CERTIFIED copies of the priority documents have been received.

received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number) _____.

received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 1.7.2(a)).

*Certified copies not received: _____.

Attachment(s)

Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s). _____

Interview Summary, PTO-413

Notice of References Cited, PTO-892

Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948

Other _____

Office Action Summary

Art Unit: 2834

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 1-6 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Ishida.

Note fig. 5 of Ishida, since the glass cover is hermetically seated to close the case it is assumed that this is done after sealing the upper and lower halves. This allows removal of contaminants in a known manner.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-6, 8, 10-13 and 15-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ishida in view of Fisher, Staudte or Kobayashi.

Assuming arguendo, that Ishida does not explicitly teach leaving the adjustment window open until adjustment is complete, each of Fischer (#30) col. 4 ln 15-20), Staudte (#30) and Kobayashi (Fig. 7) teach leaving a small opening toll last to hermetically seal a device. As known, such a technique allows out-gasses to be purged from the interior prior to sealing. Thus

Art Unit: 2834

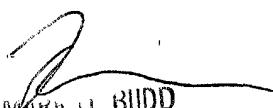
for the known, expected benefit, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to leave the window of Ishida open while the base and top are joined.

Claims 10-13 and 15-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ishida.

Ishida (fig. 5) teaches the claimed structure except for some specific dimensions and coatings on the edge of the opening and the cover attached to close the opening. However, providing brazing and/or solder to form a hermetic seal is well known per se, and using these conventional sealing means for the opening cover of Nagai would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Budd/ds

02/02/03


MARK J. BUDD
PRIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 212